AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Original) A method for rendering a microstructured surface of a substrate hydrophobic, the method comprising the steps of:
- applying to the microstructured surface a coating composition capable of forming a hydrophobic coating having a nanoscale roughness on the microstructured surface; and then
- curing the composition to form a hydrophobic coating having a nanoscale roughness on the microstructured surface, such that the resultant surface has both nanoscale roughness and microscale roughness.
- 2. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the coating composition comprises one or more tri-functional alkylsilanes, and the hydrophobic coating having a nanoscale roughness is formed by the molecules of the tri-functional alkylsilanes reacting together in a modified sol-gel reaction.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein the coating composition comprises two or more different tri-functional alkylsilanes, the different alkylsilanes having different length alkyl chains.
- 4. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 3, wherein one of the tri-functional alkylsilanes in the coating composition has an alkyl chain having a length of 3 or less carbon units, and another of the tri-functional alkylsilanes in the coating composition has an alkyl chain having a length of 6 to 30 carbon units.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in any one of claims 2 to 4 claim 2, wherein the functional groups of the tri-functional alkylsilane(s) are independently selected from the group consisting of acetoxy, enoxy, oxime, alkoxy and amino.

453473-1 - 3 -

- 6. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in any one of claims 2 to 5 claim 2, wherein the coating composition further comprises a polymer that is capable of chemically bonding to the tri-functional alkylsilane(s) and to the microstructured surface.
- 7. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 6, wherein the polymer is a polysiloxane polymer.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in any one of claims 2 to 7 claim 2, wherein the coating composition further comprises an organic solvent.
- 9. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 8, wherein the organic solvent is ethyl acetate, butyl acetate, toluene, xylene, methyl ethyl ketone, acetone, hexane, light petroleum, diethylether, or tetrahydrofuran.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in any one of claims 2 to 9 claim 1, wherein the composition is applied to form a hydrophobic coating between about 0.1 and about 1 micron thick.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in any one of claims 2 to 10 claim 2, wherein the composition is cured by allowing the composition to dry at about 15°C to about 30°C in the presence of air.
- 12. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in any one of claims 2 to 10 claim 2, wherein the composition is cured by allowing the composition to dry at about 60°C to about 80°C in the presence of air.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 12 claim 1, wherein the a contact angle of water on the resultant surface is greater than 130°.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 13 claim 1, wherein the <u>a</u> contact angle of water on the resultant surface is greater than 150°.

453473-1 - 4 -

- 15. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 14 claim 1, wherein the a contact angle of water on the resultant surface is greater than 160°.
- 16. (Original) A method for rendering a surface of a substrate hydrophobic, the method comprising the steps of:
- treating the surface of the substrate to form a microstructured surface;
- applying to the microstructured surface a coating composition capable of forming a hydrophobic coating having a nanoscale roughness on the microstructured surface; and then
- curing the composition to form a hydrophobic coating having a nanoscale roughness on the microstructured surface, such that the resultant surface has both nanoscale roughness and microscale roughness.
- 17. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 16, wherein the surface of the substrate is physically treated to form a microstructured surface.
- 18. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 16, wherein the surface is treated by applying a coating composition to the surface to form a coating on the surface, wherein the coating has a microstructured surface.
- 19. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 18, wherein the microstructured surface is formed by applying a composition comprising microparticles, or smaller particles capable of forming microparticles, to the surface.
- 20. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 19, wherein the microparticles are clay microparticles, cementitious microparticles, or inorganic oxide microparticles.
- 21. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in any one of claims 16 to 20 claim 16, wherein the composition is applied to form a hydrophobic coating between about 0.1 and about 1 micron thick.
- 22. (Currently Amended) A hydrophobic <u>or superhydrophobic</u> surface produced by the method of any one of claims 16 to 21 <u>claim 1</u>.

453473-1 - 5 -

- 23. (Currently Amended) A <u>hydrophobic or</u> superhydrophobic surface produced by the method of any one of claims 16 to 21 <u>claim 16</u>.
- 24. (Currently Amended) An article having at least one surface that has been rendered hydrophobic according to the method of any one of claims 1 to 21 claim 1.
- 25. (New) An article having at least one surface that has been rendered hydrophobic according to the method of claim 16.

453473-1 - 6 -